

1 and its application to the state, to a county, to a  
2 city, to an authority, and to any other governmental  
3 unit and make a judgment of whether the resources and  
4 the functions of that governmental unit are such that  
5 people ought to be able to recover from it when they  
6 are injured.

7 That is something which the legislature  
8 can explore, can understand the impact of what it does.  
9 What Section 7 does is absolutely the reverse of the rule.  
10 It says that if you suffer injury because of the action by  
11 some unit of government, by the state, or the county or  
12 the city, you may sue that unit and recover from the  
13 public treasury and recover from the tax funds unless the  
14 legislature says you may not.

15 If we adopt Section 7, the door is open. This  
16 doctrine of immunity is completely gone and we put on the  
17 legislature the burden of reviewing the function of each  
18 little unit of government in the state, its resources,  
19 how it will be affected by suits that may be filed against  
20 it and, in particular instances, saying you cannot sue.

21 What I wish to point out is that we are making,